Financial Statements for the Year Ended December 31, 2022 And Independent Auditors' Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Benton, Kansas

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Benton, Kansas (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and the notes to the financial statement.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the accompanying financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Benton, Kansas as of December 31, 2022, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the City of Benton, Kansas as of December 31, 2022, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* described in Note 1.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the City of Benton, Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the *Kanas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, which is a bais of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditro's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and asses the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scoped and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures – actual and budget, individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-agency funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements however are required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Stephen M. Chamilly, GAA, 7°C September 15, 2023

SUMMARY OF CASH RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

General Fund Special Purpose Funds: Special Highway Fund Special Parks Fund Community Building Fund BSAC Fund ARPA Fund	\$	107,000 11,568 25,244 6,812 59,133 66,461	\$	1,001,116 28,210 10,613	\$	1,070,734 33,941	\$	37,381
Special Highway Fund Special Parks Fund Community Building Fund BSAC Fund		25,244 6,812 59,133				33.941		
Special Parks Fund Community Building Fund BSAC Fund		25,244 6,812 59,133				33,941		
Community Building Fund BSAC Fund		6,812 59,133		10.613				5,837
BSAC Fund		59,133				1,382		34,477
				POST TROP BAZINGA		6,812		1
ARPA Fund				8.923		54,770		13,287
		00,701		66,461		50,222		82,700
Enterprise Funds:								
Water Fund		22,598		227,747		231,059		19,286
Water Reserve Fund		136,791		25,000		79,956		81,836
Sewer Fund		53,869		177,440		184,053		47,255
Sewer Reserve Fund		37,000		20,000		19,046		37,954
Trash Fund		7,425		61,545		59,534		9,437
Project Funds:								
Capital Improvement Fund		162,232		18,870		48,636		132,467
Equipment Reserve Fund		36,175		41,529				77,705
Debt Service Funds:								
Bond and Interest Fund	3	68,643	5.4	145,798	s .	156,555	9 -	57,886
Total Reporting Entity	\$	800,953	\$	1,833,251	\$	1,996,699	\$ _	637,508
Less Transfers				70,000	_	70,000		
			\$	1,763,251	\$	1,926,699		
COMPOSITION OF CASH:								
Operating Account							\$	505,042
Community Building Account							4	303,042
Capital Improvement Account							17-	132,466
							\$	637,508

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. <u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting</u> - The accounts of the City of Benton, Kansas are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity.

The following types of funds comprise the financial activities of the City for 2022.

Governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - to account for all unrestricted resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds or account groups.

<u>Special purpose funds</u> - to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources or to finance specified activities as required by law or administrative regulation.

<u>Project funds</u> - to account for major capital expenditures not financed by other funds.

<u>Debt service funds</u> - to account for the payment of interest and principal on long-term general debt obligation.

Proprietary funds:

Enterprise funds - to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to business enterprises, where the stated intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is deemed appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

b. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> - These financial statements are presented on a basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the cash basis and budget laws of Kansas. Cash receipts are recognized when the cash balance of a fund is increased. For an interfund transaction, a cash receipt is recorded in the fund receiving cash from another fund. Cash disbursements are recognized when the cash balance of a fund is decreased. For an interfund transaction, a cash disbursement is recorded in the fund from which the cash is transferred. Expenditures include disbursements.

The municipality has a GAAP waiver resolution, which requires this type of special reporting.

c. Departure from Generally Accepted Accounting Principles - The basis of accounting described above results in a financial statement presentation which shows cash receipts, cash disbursements, cash and unencumbered cash balances, and expenditures compared to budget. Balance sheets that would have shown noncash assets such as receivables, inventories, prepaid expense, liabilities such as deferred revenue and matured principal and interest payable, and reservations of the fund balance are not presented. Under generally accepted accounting principles, encumbrances are only recognized as a reservation of fund balance; encumbrances outstanding at year-end did not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Consequently, the expenditures as reported do not present the cost of goods and services received during the fiscal year in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. General

fixed assets that account for the land, buildings, and equipment owned by the municipality are not presented in the financial statements. Also, general long-term debt such as general obligation bonds, temporary notes, and compensated absences are not presented in the financial statements.

- d. <u>Budgetary Information</u> Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), debt service funds and enterprise funds. The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:
 - 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1.
 - 2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5.
 - 3. Public hearing on or before August 15, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
 - 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, modified further by the encumbrance method of accounting. Revenues are recognized when cash is received. Expenditures include disbursements and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. All unencumbered appropriations (legal budget expenditure authority) lapse at year-end.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital project funds.

Spending in funds, which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement, is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

e. <u>Comparative Amounts</u> - The amounts shown for the year ended December 31, 2022 in the accompanying financial statements are included to provide a basis for comparison with 2011 and are not intended to present all information necessary for a fair presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

2. TAXES

Property Taxes – The determination of assessed valuations and the collection of property taxes for all political subdivisions in the State of Kansas is the responsibility of the various counties. The County Appraiser annually determines assessed valuations and the County Clerk spreads the annual assessment on the tax rolls. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the county.

In accordance with state statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are a revenue source to be used to finance the budget of the following year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. One-half of the property taxes is due December 20, prior to the fiscal year for which they are budgeted, and the second half is due the following June 20.

Motor Vehicle Taxes – Since 1981 most motor vehicles became subject to a special tax paid at the time of registration instead of the traditional property tax. In 1995, the legislature enacted a five-year phase down in the assessment rate on motor vehicles for 30% to 20% of market value.

In 2022, the City received the following from county and state taxes:

		General Fund		Special Highway Fund		Bond & Interest Fund		Special Parks Fund	_	Totals
Ad Valorem	\$	627,877	\$		\$		\$		\$	627,877
Delinquent		19,836				978				20,813
Motor Vehicle		56,002				2,608				58,610
Sales Tax		174,008								174,008
Alcohol		10,488						10,488		20,977
Special Highway		•		28,210						28,210
Special Assessemen	ts		1)-	V	<u>-</u>	122,212			30	122,212
	\$	888,211	\$	28,210	\$_	125,798	\$_	10,488	\$	1,052,706

The assessed valuation in 2021 was \$11,304,814, which was used to determine the mill levy for 2022. The mill levy was 58.687 for 2022.

On October 6, 1999, the majority of electors approved the levying of a retailer's sales tax of 1% in the City for the purpose of improving the City's water supply system, downtown renovation, and for economic development. The sales tax is to be allocated for the following purposes:

40% for the water supply system 40% for the sanitary sewer system 20% for the storm water drainage

3. DEPOSITS

At year-end the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$637,5093 and the bank balances were \$648,295. The differences between the carrying amount and the bank balances are outstanding checks and deposits in transit. The bank balance is covered by FDIC insurance and collateralized by pledged securities held under joint custody and issued by a third-party bank in the City's name.

4. UTILITIES

The City provides water, sewer, and trash services. The City mails their utility bills on the 1st of each month. The utility bills are due by the 25th of the month. Bills not paid by the 25th are subject to a late charge fee of 18%. Water bills include a sewer charge of a \$18.70 minimum, plus \$5.70 for each 1,000 gallons up to the average, and trash of \$8.75 and a recycling charge of \$4.15.

The water rates for 2022 are as follows:

Inside the city limits:

\$16.50 minimum includes the first 1,000 gallons, and \$8.10 for each additional 1,000 gallons. The average winter consumption rate is \$9.75 per 1,000 gallons.

Outside the city limits:

\$29.54 minimum includes 1,000 gallons, and \$9.00 for each 1,000 gallons. The average winter consumption is \$10.50 per 1,000 gallons.

All rental properties require a \$60 water meter deposit.

The amount billed by the City at December 31, 2022 for utilities is as follows:

Water	\$	18,110	35.64%
Sewer		15,570	29.17%
Trash		5,153	10.58%
Other		30	24.60%
Total	\$_	38,863	100.00%

5. DEBT

The City's debt is comprised of Kansas Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund in the amount of \$820,401 (\$310,942 outstanding at December 31, 2022), and General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A, 2022 in the amount of \$1,180,000 (\$1,325,000 outstanding at December 31, 2022).

General Obligation Improvement Bonds

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A, 2022 in the amount of \$1,385,000 were used to refinance and replace General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series A, 2015 in the amount of \$2,475,000 that were used to refinance and replace the General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series A, 2009 in the amount of \$110,000, General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series A, 2010 in the amount of \$415,000, and escrowed amounts for the eventual retirement of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008, and GO Refunding and Improvement Bonds Series 2011. The bonds mature on September 1, 2030. The principal payments will be paid annually on September 1, and interest will be paid semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 with interest rates ranging from 0.25% to 1.45%.

KWPCRLF

At December 31, 2022, \$820,401 in project payments have been received by the City for certain sewer system improvements on a Kansas Water Pollution Control Revolving bearing interest at a rate of 2.72%, with principal and interest payments being made on a semi-annual basis beginning September 1, 2009, through 2029.

Debt Activity:

	Payable at 1/1/2022	Advances	Payments	Payable at 12/31/2022	Interest
KDHE			*	18 1 - 1 11 -	
State Revolving Loan					
Fund	354,115		43,173	310,942	9,340
General Obligation Refunding Bonds					
Series A, 2021	1,325,000		145,000	1,180,000	11,555
General Obligation Refunding Bonds					
Series A, 2015			9	3	
	\$1,679,115	\$	\$188,173_	\$_1,490,942	20,895

Kansas Water Pollution Control Revolving Loan Fund

	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	44,356	8,158	52,514
2024	45,571	6,943	52,514
2025	46,819	5,695	52,514
2026	48,101	4,413	52,514
2027	49,418	3,096	52,514
2028	50,771	1,743	52,514
2029	25,905	352	26,257
	\$ 310,941 \$	30,401 \$	341,342

GO Refunding Bonds, Series A, 2021:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	145,000	11,555	156,555
2023	145,000	11,048	156,048
2024	145,000	10,395	155,395
2025	145,000	9,598	154,598
2026	145,000	8,583	153,583
2027	150,000	7,350	157,350
2028	150,000	5,850	155,850
2029	150,000	4,125	154,125
2030	150,000	2,175	152,175
	\$ 1,325,000	\$70,678	\$_1,395,678

6. SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS

Projects financed in part by special assessments are financed through general obligation bonds of the City and are retired from the Bond and Interest Fund. Special assessments paid prior to the issuance of the bonds are recorded as revenue in the appropriate project account. Special assessments received after the issuance of bonds are recorded as revenue in the Bond and Interest Fund.

7. CONTRACTS

In 1975, the City entered into a 40-year, renewable agreement with the City of Wichita, Kansas to sell water in quantities not to exceed 30,500,000 gallons per year. In 2022, the City of Wichita, KS sold 24,336,000 gallons to the City at an average cost per 1,000 gallons of \$4.67.

8. COMPENSATED ABSENCES FOR EMPLOYEES

Vacation leave shall be earned beginning with the date of employment. An employee who works fewer than 45 weeks beginning each year from their anniversary date shall not accrue any vacation days, provided this provision is not waived due to an illness, or other authorized leave.

Full-time employees are entitled to paid vacation leave time according to the following schedule:

Days
Earned
5 work days
10 work days
15 work days
20 work days

Full-time employees, and part-time employees who are employed to work at least 20 hours or more per week, shall be entitled to sick leave with pay for absences resulting from illness, injuries, accidents or other physical incapacity, occurring either on or off the job.

Full-time and part-time employees shall be granted 40 working hours of paid sick leave annually, provided the total accumulated sick leave does not exceed 40 hours. Sick leave in excess of 240 hours, not used by the end of the calendar year, will be bought back at half pay.

9. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Fund	-	Transfer In		ransfer Out
General Fund	\$	2	\$	20,000
Sewer Fund				40,000
Water Fund				52,500
Water Reserve Fund		25,000		
Equipment Reserve Fund		37,500		
Capital Improvement Fund		10,000		
Sewer Reserve Fund		20,000		
Bond & Interest Fund		20,000		
	\$	112,500	\$	112,500

10. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The City is engaged in the sale of water, sewer, and trash services to customers located in Butler County in Kansas. The City grants credit to those customers and requires no collateral.

11. CAPITAL PROJECTS

Capital projects and purchases for the year ending December 31, 2022 consist of approximately \$77,000 spent in the general fund.

12. COMPLIANCE WITH KANSAS LAW

References made herein to the statutes are not intended as interpretations of law, but are offered for consideration of the Director of Accounts and Reports and interpretation by the County Attorney and legal representatives of the City. Kansas statutes require that fixed budgets be legally adopted for special revenue and enterprise funds. There were no apparent statutory violations other than the items noted during the year ended December 31, 2022 for the funds that were part of this audit. The Trash Fund had expenditures in excess of available monies in the fund which is a violation of KSA 10-1113

13. RETIREMENT PLAN

Effective March 1, 2003, the City started a Simple Individual Retirement Plan for eligible employees through American Funds. All employees receiving at least \$5,000 in compensation during any two prior years and who are reasonably expected to receive at least \$5,000 in compensation during the current year are eligible to participate in the plan. The maximum amount of deferrals that may be contributed on behalf of any employee is limited by law to \$19,500 in 2022, with catch-up contributions for those 50 and older limited to and additional \$6,500 in 2022. This limit will be adjusted for inflation in future years in \$500 increments. The City is making a contribution to the accounts of enrolled employees equal to 2% of their compensation for the calendar year 2022. The City contributed \$3,955 for 2022.

14. PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The City participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by KSA 74-4901, etc. seq. Kansas Law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Contributions. KSA 74-4919 and KSA 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 205. Effective January 1, 2022, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate of 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 0.85% contribution rate for Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 8.9% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$35,787 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2022, the City's proportionate share of the estimated collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$398,404. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG

regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in these financial statements.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events from the financial statement date through July 14, 2022, the date at which these financial statements were available to be issued, and determined there are no other items to recognize disclose.

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Cash Disbursements	Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
General Fund	\$ 1,070,734	\$ 1,191,294	\$ 120,560
Special Revenue Funds:			
Special Highway Fund	33,941	35,000	1,059
Special Parks Fund	1,382	26,500	25,118
Community Building Fund	6,812	12,186	5,374
BSAC Fund	54,770	55,000	230
ARPA Fund	50,222	132,136	81,914
Enterprise Funds:			
Water Fund	231,059	235,000	3,941
Sewer Fund	184,053	187,514	3,461
Trash Fund	59,534	70,011	10,477
Debt Service Funds:			
Bond and Interest Fund	156,555	162,000	5,445
Total Budgeted Funds	\$ 1,849,062	\$ 2,106,641	\$ 257,578
Nonbudgeted Funds:			
Capital Improvement Fund	48,636		
Equipment Reserve Fund	-		
Water Reserve Fund	79,956		
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,929,018		

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	·	2021 Actual		2022 Actual	2 	2022 Budget		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:								
County and State Taxes	\$	849,485	\$	868,871	\$	926,052	\$	(57,181)
Franchise Tax		44,565		43,957	2507	65,000	-	(21,043)
Miscellaneous		7,661		13,088				13,088
License Permits and Fees		7,670		55,574		25,000		30,574
Fees From Fines		8,501		13,369		10,000		3,369
Reimbursements		<u> </u>						
Interest & Dividends		6,338		6,258	Ş 1	4,500	19-	1,758
Total Cash Receipts		924,220		1,001,116	\$	1,030,552	\$ _	(29,436)
EXPENDITURES:								
General Administration		582,697		769,678	\$	728,794	\$	(40,884)
Police		205,265		210,337		145,000	500	(65,337)
· Transfer Out		62,000		20,000		140,000		120,000
Capital Outlay		677		2,478		15,000		12,522
Street Lights		10,667		10,965		12,500		1,535
Special Street Improvements	<i>y</i>	77,789	(c)	57,275	10	150,000	_	92,725
Total Expenditures	8	939,095	10 	1,070,734	\$	1,191,294	\$ _	120,560
Receipts over (under) Expenditures		(14,876)		(69,619)				
UNENCUMERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	£	121,876	-	107,000				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$	107,000	\$	37,381				

SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	_	2021 Actual	2022 Actual	-	2022 Budget	-	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:							
Interest on Idle Funds	\$		\$	\$		\$	
County and State Taxes		29,202	28,210		25,820		2,390
Miscellaneous	100	410		1		-	***
Total Cash Receipts		29,612	28,210	\$ =	25,820	\$ =	2,390
EXPENDITURES:							
Contracted Services		4,127	499	\$		\$	(499)
Commodities	-	25,472	33,443_	12-	35,000	-	1,557
Total Expenditures	_	29,599	33,941	\$ =	35,000	\$ =	1,059
Receipts over (under) Expenditures		13	(5,731)				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	-	11,555	11,568				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	s <u> </u>	11,568	\$ 5,837				

SPECIAL PARKS FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	_	2021 Actual	13 <u>-</u>	2022 Actual	-	2022 Budget		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:								
Rent	\$	0	\$	×.	S	0	\$	0
Miscellaneous		14,171		125		<u>п</u>		125
Alcohol Tax	_	10,897	(C	10,488	-	7,760	-	2,728
Total Cash Receipts		25,068		10,613	S _	7,760	\$ =	2,853
EXPENDITURES:								
Commodities	_	16,455		1,382	\$ _	26,500	\$	25,118
Total Expenditures		16,455	_	1,382	\$ =	26,500	\$	25,118
Receipts over (under) Expenditures		8,613		9,232				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	1	16,630).	25,243				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$	25,243	s _	34,475				

COMMUNITY BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	-	2021 Actual	_	2022 Actual	_	2022 Budget	<u></u>	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:								
Contributions	\$	1,200	\$		\$		\$	
Reimbursement Rent		1 900						
ich	_	1,800	-		-		-	
Total Cash Receipts		3,000			\$		\$	
EXPENDITURES:					W 15		Mr. S	
Utilities		1,330			\$		\$	
Repairs		4,000		6,812				(6,812)
Commodities	1	1,126	-		200	12,186		12,186
Total Expenditures	12	6,456	8	6,812	\$ _	12,186	\$ =	5,374
Receipts over Expenditures		(3,455)		(6,812)				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	-	10,267	=	6,812				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$ =	6,812	\$ =	<u>=</u>				

WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		2021 Actual	-	2022 Actual	=	2022 Budget	()	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS: Water sales Deposits	\$	177,076	\$	224,127 120	\$	200,000	\$	24,127 120
New meter installations Interest	8		<u>-</u>	3,500	2	4,000	_	(500)
Total Cash Receipts		177,076		227,747	\$ =	204,000	\$ _	23,747
EXPENDITURES:								
General Administration		66,302		48,882	\$	25,000	\$	(23,882)
Production Distribution		114,990		129,677		150,000		20,323
Capital Outlay		1970						
Transfers	-	28,500	-	52,500	-	60,000	-	7,500
Total Expenditures	_	209,792	_	231,059	\$ =	235,000	\$ =	3,941
Receipts over Expenditures		(32,716)		(3,312)				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE		55,314	_	22,598				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	_	22,598	\$ _	19,286				

WATER RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2021 Actual	2022 Actual
CASH RECEIPTS:		
Transfer in Interest	\$ 23,500	\$ 25,000
Total Cash Receipts	23,500	25,000
EXPENDITURES:		
Commodities		79,956
Total Expenditures	0_	79,956
Receipts over (under) Expenditures	23,500	(54,956)
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	113,291	136,791
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$ 136,791	\$ 81,835

SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		2021 Actual	s <u>-</u>	2022 Actual	-	2022 Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:							
Sewer charges Hook up fee Interest	\$	171,416 2,000	\$	177,440	\$	160,000 40,000	\$ 17,440 (40,000)
Total Cash Receipts		173,416		177,440	\$ _	200,000	\$ (22,560)
EXPENDITURES:							
Contractual services Personnel costs Commodities Transfer Interest payment Principal Payment Capital outlay		11,745 55,023 17,326 25,000 11,611 40,903	_	6,198 56,441 28,900 40,000 11,611 40,903	\$	30,000 60,000 45,000 11,611 40,903	\$ (6,198) (26,441) 31,100 5,000
Total Expenditures	į	161,608	_	184,053	\$ _	187,514	\$ 3,461
Receipts (under) Expenditures		11,809		(6,613)			
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE		42,061	_	53,870			
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$	53,870	\$ =	47,256			

TRASH FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	W	2021 Actual	-	2022 Actual	_	2022 Budget		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:								
Trash Service Fees Interest	\$	59,525	\$	61,545	\$	70,000	\$	(8,455)
Total Cash Receipts		59,525		61,545	s _	70,000	\$ _	(8,455)
EXPENDITURES:								
Contractual Services		58,486		59,534	S	70,011	\$	10,477
Commodities Transfer to Capital Improvement)		_		-	100 m
Total Expenditures	87	58,486	_	59,534	s _	70,011	\$ =	10,477
Receipts over (under) Expenditures		1,038		2,010				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	·-	6,385	-	7,422				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$ =	7,422	\$ _	9,432				

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2021 Actual	2022 Actual
CASH RECEIPTS:		
Miscellaneous	\$): =	\$ 13,510
Prairie Village Lot Sales	1.77	1
Transfer in	89	5,000
Interest	448_	360
Total Cash Receipts	448	18,870
EXPENDITURES:		
Commodities	17,744	48,636
Transfer	20,550	
Total Expenditures	38,294	48,636
Receipts over (under) Expenditures	(37,846)	(29,766)
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	200,077	162,233
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$ 162,233	\$ 132,467

BOND AND INTEREST FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	-	2021 Actual	2022 Actual	_	2022 Budget		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:							
County Taxes	\$	159,950	\$ 125,798	\$	114,428	\$	11,370
Transfers In		45,000	20,000	0.70	45,000	ų,	(25,000)
Other		1,409	\$555 X		25.75		(25,000)
Interest	-	**					
Total Cash Receipts		206,359	145,798	\$ _	159,428	\$	(13,630)
EXPENDITURES:							,
Interest Payment		25,742	11,555	\$	12,000	\$	445
Principal Payment		141,000	145,000	Ψ	150,000	Ψ	5,000
))=	,	115,000		150,000	5	3,000
Total Expenditures	⊘ =	166,742	156,555	\$ _	162,000	\$	5,445
Receipts (under) Expenditures		39,618	(10,757)				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	79-	25,675	65,292				
UNENCUMPEDED CLOW PURING DAY AND							
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$ =	65,292	\$ 54,535				

BENTON SPORTS AND ATHLETIC COMMISSION FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		2021 Actual	2022 Actual		2022 Budget	X -	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:							
Fees Sponsorships Interest	\$	22,380	\$ 8,923	\$	30,000 500	\$	(21,077) (500)
Total Cash Receipts		22,380	8,923	\$	30,500	\$ _	(21,577)
EXPENDITURES:							
Commodities Contractual		4,437 1,636	54,650 120	\$	45,000 10,000	\$	(9,650) 9,880
Total Expenditures	,	6,073	54,770	\$ =	55,000	\$ =	230
Receipts over Expenditures		16,306	(45,847)				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	9	42,827	59,134				
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$	59,134	\$ 13,287				

EQUIPMENT RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2021 Actual		2022 Actual
CASH RECEIPTS:			
Transfers	\$	\$	37,500
Other	48,372	-	4,029
Total Cash Receipts	48,372		41,529
EXPENDITURES:			
Contractual	61,764		
Commodities	=		
Total Expenditures	61,764	9	0
Receipts over (under) Expenditures	(13,392)		41,529
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	49,568	3	36,175
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$ 36,175	\$	77,705

SEWER RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2021 Actual	2022 Actual
CASH RECEIPTS:		
Transfer in	\$ 22,000	\$ 20,000
Total Cash Receipts	22,000	20,000
EXPENDITURES:		
Commodities		19,046
Total Expenditures	0	19,046
Receipts over (under) Expenditures	22,000	954
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	15,000	15,000
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$ 37,000	\$ 15,954

ARPA FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		2021 Actual	-	2022 Actual	 2022 Budget	-	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:							
Funds received	\$	66,461	\$ _	66,461	\$ 66,068	\$_	393
Total Cash Receipts		66,461		66,461	\$ 66,068	\$	393
EXPENDITURES:							
Contractual					\$	\$	
Commodities	_			50,222	 132,136	Ψ.	81,914
Total Expenditures	-	0	2 5	50,222	\$ 132,136	\$ _	81,914
Receipts over (under) Expenditures		66,461		16,239			
UNENCUMBERED CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	_	0_		66,461			
UNENCUMBERED CASH, ENDING BALANCE	s <u> </u>	66,461	S _	82,700			

SCHEDULE OF OTHER STATISTICS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 - 2022

	2015		2016	2017		2018	2019		2020		2021		2022	
Population	850		850	850		850	850		850		850		850	73
Assessed Valuation	\$ 7,226,887	S	7,397,614	\$ 7,398,615	\$	8,337,439	\$ 9,031,894	\$	9,940,039	\$	11,080,323	S	11,304,814	
Mill Levy	\$ 55,63	\$	55.23	\$ 55.85	\$	55.64	\$ 55.64	\$	57.37	\$	58.69	\$	58.69	
Total Receipts	\$ 3,700,785	\$	1,369,841	\$ 1,384,277	S	1,456,957	\$ 1,575,418	\$	1,480,360	S	1,711,436	\$	1,763,251	
Total Disbursements	\$ 3,594,796	\$	1,333,600	\$ 1,444,294	s	1,470,206	\$ 1,481,819	\$	1,372,642	\$	1,624,363	\$	1,926,699	
Bond Indebtedness	\$ 4,815,036	\$	3,298,323	\$ 2,500,605	S	2,246,853	\$ 1,987,041	\$	1,816,138	\$	1,522,023	\$	1,490,942	
Receipts per Capita	\$ 4,354	\$	1,612	\$ 1,629	\$	1,714	\$ 1,853	\$	1,742	\$	2,013	\$	2,074	
Disbursements per Capita	\$ 4,229	\$	1,569	\$ 1,699	\$	1,730	\$ 1,743	S	1,615	\$	1,911	\$	2,267	
Indebtedness per Capita	\$ 5,665	\$	3,880	\$ 2,942	\$	2,643	\$ 2,338	\$	2,137	\$	1,791	\$	1,754	